

Newton strata in the weakly admissible locus

① The admissible locus

> period maps for p -div. gps

p prime

X : p -div. gp. / $\overline{\mathbb{F}_p}$

$N = \mathbb{D}(X)_{\mathbb{Q}_p}$ cov. Dieud. cryst. of X

$\dim N = \text{ht } X$

$K/\mathbb{Q}_p, \mathcal{O}_K$

p -adic period map

$$\pi : \left\{ (X, \rho) \mid \begin{array}{l} X \text{ } p\text{-div gp}/\mathcal{O}_K \\ \rho : X \otimes \mathcal{O}_K/\mathfrak{p} \rightarrow X \otimes \mathcal{O}_K/\mathfrak{p} \\ a \text{ QI} \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow \text{Gr}_c(N)(K)$$

$\nwarrow \text{codim } X$

$$(X, \rho) \longmapsto \begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{D}(X)_K & \xrightarrow{\rho} & N \otimes K \\ \uparrow & & \nearrow \\ \text{Lie}(X^\vee)^\vee \otimes K & & \end{array}$$

Qu.: Image of π ?

General: G reductive group over \mathbb{Q}_p

$b \in G(\mathbb{Q}_p)$, μ a minuscule cochar. st. $[b] \in B(G, \mu)$

before: $\mu = (1, \dots, 1, 0, \dots, 0)$

$\check{F}(G, \mu)$ ass. flag variety (rigid an. space)

G q 'split P_μ : par. associated with μ

$$\check{F}(G, \mu) = G/P_\mu$$

$\pi : \check{M}(G, b, \mu) \longrightarrow \check{F}(G, \mu) = \check{F}$
 local Shim. var étale morph. of rigid an. sp.
 $\text{im } \pi =: \check{F}^a$: admissible locus

Ex.: (a) $G = GL_n$, $\mu = (1, 0, \dots, 0)$, b basic
 $\Rightarrow \check{F}^a = \check{F}(G, \mu) = \mathbb{P}^{n-1}$

(b) $G = D_{n/n}^*$, $\mu = (1, 0, \dots, 0)$, b basic

$$\check{F}^a = \Omega = \mathbb{P}^{n-1} \setminus \bigcup_{H: \mathbb{Q}_p\text{-rat}} H \subseteq \check{F}(G, \mu) = \mathbb{P}^{n-1}$$

hyperplane

② The weakly adm. locus

$$\check{F}^a \subset \check{F}^{wa} \subset \check{F} \quad \check{F}^{wa} : \text{weakly adm. locus}$$

open open

→ remove from \check{F} a profinite union of translates of Schubert var.

Ex.: (a), (b) above: $\check{F}^a = \check{F}^{wa}$

Colmez-Fontaine: K/\mathbb{Q}_p finite $\Rightarrow \check{F}^a(K) = \check{F}^{wa}(K)$

Hall: not equal in gen.

Chen-Fargues-Shen: $\check{F}^a = \check{F}^{wa} \Leftrightarrow$

(G, μ) is fully HN-decomposable

③ Newton strata

$C/\overline{\mathbb{Q}_p}$ alg. closed, complete, C^b : its tilt

\Rightarrow Fargues-Fontaine curve $X \ni \infty$

with $k(\infty) = \mathbb{C}$, $\hat{\mathcal{O}}_{X, \infty} = \mathbb{B}_{\text{dR}}^+(\mathbb{C})$

Fargues:

$$\mathcal{B}(G) = \{\sigma\text{-conj. cl. of } G(\check{\mathbb{D}}_p)\} \longleftrightarrow \{G\text{-bundles on } X\}$$

$$[b] \longmapsto E_b$$

$$[b] \in \mathcal{B}(G) \xleftrightarrow{\text{Kottwitz}} \begin{cases} \cdot v_b \in X_*(A)_{\mathbb{Q}}, \text{ dom "Newton pt"} \\ \cdot \kappa_G(b) \in \pi_1(G)_{\Gamma} \text{ "Kottwitz pt."} \end{cases}$$

$$x \in \check{F}(G, \mu)(\mathbb{C}), \quad [b] \in \mathcal{B}(G) \text{ basic}$$

modif. $E_{b,x}$ of E_b at ∞ Beauville-Laszlo

glue: $E_b|_{X \setminus \{\infty\}}$, triv. G -bundle over $\text{Spec } \mathbb{B}_{\text{dR}}^+(\mathbb{C})$

gluing datum $\hat{=} x$

$$\check{F}(G, \mu) = \bigsqcup_{[b'] \in \mathcal{B}(G)} F(G, \mu, b)^{[b']}$$

"Newton strata"

locus where $E_{b,x} \simeq E_{b'}$

• $[b] \in \mathcal{B}(G, \mu) \Rightarrow \check{F}^a = \check{F}(G, \mu, b)^{[1]}$ open Newton stratum

• Caraiani-Scholze, Rapoport

$$\check{F}(G, \mu, b)^{[b']} \neq \emptyset \Leftrightarrow [b'] \in \mathcal{B}(G, \mu, b) \text{ i.e.}$$

• $\kappa_G(b') = \kappa_G(b) - \mu^\#$

• $v_{b'} \leq v_b(\mu^{-1})_{\text{dom}}$

(4) Intersections

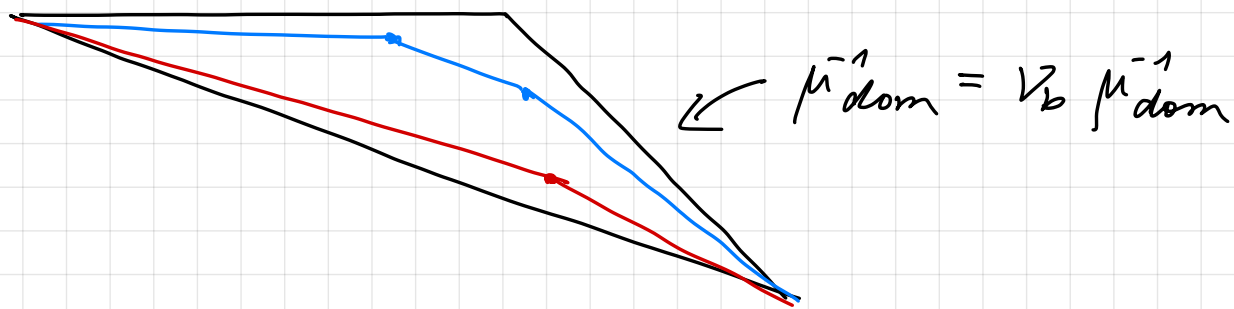
Conjecture (Chen)

$$\check{F}^{\text{wa}} \cap F(G, b, \mu)^{[b']} \neq \emptyset$$

$$\Leftrightarrow [b'] \in \mathcal{B}(G, b, \mu) \text{ is Hodge-Newton index } 1/3$$

$$G = GL_n$$

$$[b] = 1, \quad \mu = (1, \dots, 1, 0, \dots, 0)$$



Known cases:

" \Rightarrow " [Chen-Fargues-Shen]

" \Leftarrow " [CFS, Chen] for minimal non-basic elements of $\mathcal{B}(G, \mu, b)$

[Chen] some other "small" $[b']$, $G = GL_n$

Thm (V) The conjecture holds for $G = GL_n, [b] = [1]$

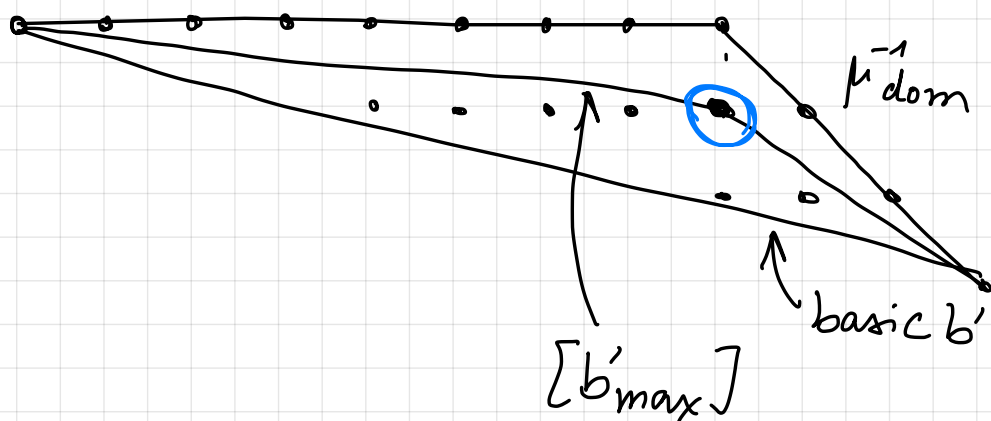
Ideas for the proof:

\triangleright For GL_n we have [Hansen; Birkbeck et. al.]

$$\overline{F(G, \mu, b)^{[b']}} = \bigcup_{[b''] \geq [b']} F(G, \mu, b)^{[b'']}$$

\Rightarrow enough to consider the conj. for

the unique maximal HN-index $[b'] \in \mathcal{B}(G, \mu, b)$



▷ Assume $x \in \check{F}(G, \mu, b)^{[b'_{\max}]}$ not w.a.

⇒ reduction $(E_{b,x})_{\mathbb{P}}$ coming from red. of b to \mathbb{P} with "positive slope pol"
↑
parab.

▷ [Chen] $(E_{b,x})_{\mathbb{P}} \times_{\mathbb{P}} M \leftrightarrow \sigma$ -conj. class for M
 v_M : Newton pt.

$\mu_{\text{dom}}^{-1} \cong (v_M)_{G\text{-dom}} \cong v_{b'_{\max}} \Rightarrow 2 \text{ cases: } (v_M)_{G\text{-dom}} = v_{b'_{\max}}$
 or HN-dec.

▷ HN-decomposition ... ⇒ cannot occur

⇒ $v_M = v_{b'_{\max}}$

$\xrightarrow{\text{CFS}} x \in \underbrace{\mathbb{P}W\mathbb{P}_\mu / \mathbb{P}_\mu}_{\text{dim: } n-1} \subset G/\mathbb{P}_\mu \quad W = S_i$

dim: $n-1$

dim $\check{F}(G, \mu, b)^{[b'_{\max}]} = \langle 2g, \mu - v_{b'_{\max}} \rangle = n$